



# Oregon Credit Unions: The Real Story

Tax-paying Oregon banks compete head to head with tax-exempt credit unions. Although they portray themselves as mom and pop shops for people of modest means, today credit unions are a \$2.3 trillion industry, with many indistinguishable from banks. The BIG difference—they don't pay federal income taxes, depriving the U.S. Treasury of nearly \$3.25 billion every year.

## Who Pays the Taxes?

Taxes Paid in 2023

OR Credit Unions \$0

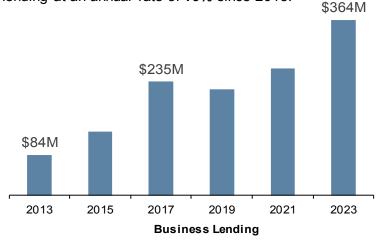
OR Banks\* \$153.678.000

\*Includes all applicable federal, state and local, and foreign income taxes

OnPoint Community Credit Union would have paid \$150.2 million in taxes during 2023, had it paid its fair share.

#### Indistinguishable from Banks

OnPoint Community Credit Union used its tax advantage to **aggressively expand** its business lending at an annual rate of **16%** since 2013.



### **Large Credit Union Auto Lenders**

All of the top five Oregon-headquartered auto lenders are credit unions.

Institution	Auto Loans (\$000)
OnPoint Community Credit Union	326,469
SELCO Community Credit Union	296,743
Unitus Community Credit Union	229,285
Oregon Community Credit Union	215,676
Oregon State Credit Union	209,240

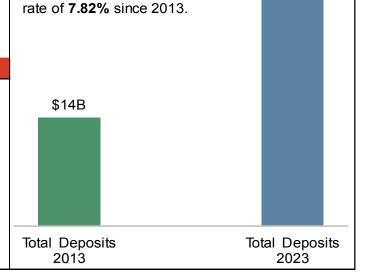
## **Larger than Most Oregon Banks**

OnPoint Community Credit Union, with \$17.4 billion in assets, is the largest credit union in Oregon, larger than 93% of Oregon headquartered banks.

## Oregon Credit Unions Leverage Their Tax Exemption to Grow Deposits

Oregon credit unions grew

deposits at an annualized



\$30B